

# How can I manage my common infection?

A leaflet for adults aged 16 years and over

## **1** What are the symptoms of a common infection?

#### Eyes .....

- Red eyes
- · Sticky eyes
- · Eyes burn or feel gritty

#### Chest

- Cough
- Shortness of breath
- Coughing up green or yellow mucus

#### Ears, nose and throat

- Pain or soreness
- Blocked or runny nose
- Swollen tonsils

#### Gut

- Nausea
- Vomiting
- Diarrhoea

## 2 How common is my infection?

#### Every year in the UK...

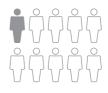
adults have 2 to 3 colds, on average (more common in children)



1 in 5 people have a gut infection



1 in 10 people have a sinus infection



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## **3** How can I treat a common infection?



Get plenty of rest until you feel better.



**Take pain relief** if you need to (make sure you follow the instructions).



**Drink enough fluid** (6 to 8 cups or glasses) to avoid dehydration, and make sure you pee regularly.



For **coughs**, try honey and cough medicines. For **sore throats**, try medicated lozenges and pain relief.



Soothe **eye infections** by gently applying a clean cloth, soaked in water that has been boiled and then cooled, around the eye.

For an outer-ear infection, consider over-the-counter ear drops.

## 4 How long could my infection last?



Contact your GP if your symptoms are getting worse or if you are not better by the times above.

Visit www.nhs.uk for self-care advice on common infections

## 5 Will my infection need antibiotics to get better?

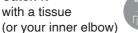
- Your body can normally fight off common infections on its own.
- · You do not usually need antibiotics unless symptoms of a bacterial infection are severe - follow your healthcare professional's advice on this.
- Taking antibiotics when you do not need to may put you and your family at risk.
- Follow your healthcare professional's advice on antibiotics.
- Find out more about antibiotics at www.antibioticguardian.com.

### 6 How can I stop my infection from spreading?

#### If you need to cough or sneeze:



Catch it with a tissue





Kill it by cleaning vour hands

#### Clean hands for at least 20 seconds with soap and water or hand sanitiser:

- before preparing and eating food
  after touching pets or animals
- after using the toilet

- when leaving and arriving home



Avoid touching your eves, nose or mouth with unclean hands. If possible, keep at least 2 metres (6 feet) from others, especially vulnerable people in your household.

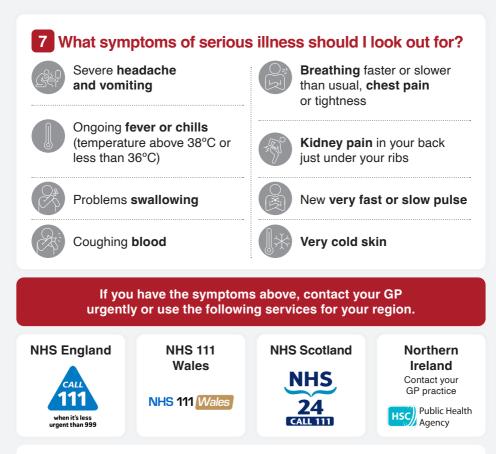


Do not share items that come into contact with your mouth, such as eating utensils and toothbrushes.



Keep yourself and your family up to date with vaccinations. Always get winter vaccines (such as flu) if you are eligible.

Visit or call a pharmacy for further advice on common infections



These services can provide a confidential interpreter if you need one.

## 8 What if I suspect signs of sepsis?

## Sepsis is a life-threatening reaction to an infection. Possible signs are:

- slurred speech, confusion or drowsiness
- extreme shivering
- passing no urine in a day
- severe breathlessness
- · it feels like you're going to die, and
- skin blotchy or discoloured.

If you suspect sepsis, call 999 immediately